

Firewall Security Assessment and Benchmarking

IPv6 Firewall Load Tests

Eldad Zack, European Advanced Networking Test Center

zack@eantc.de

June 30th, 2013

IPv6 Hackers Meeting in Berlin: www.ipv6hackers.org

Agenda

- Test Suite
- Expectations
- Tested devices
- Results

About the European Advanced Networking Test Center

- Vendor independent network quality assurance since 1991
- Unique technical expertise of network design and testing in latest technology areas
- 20-year testing experience matches highest quality standards

Business Areas

- Test and certification of network components for manufacturers
- Network design consultancy and proof of concept testing for service providers
- Request for Proposal (RfP) support, acceptance testing and network audits for large enterprises and government organizations
- Vendor neutral technology seminars



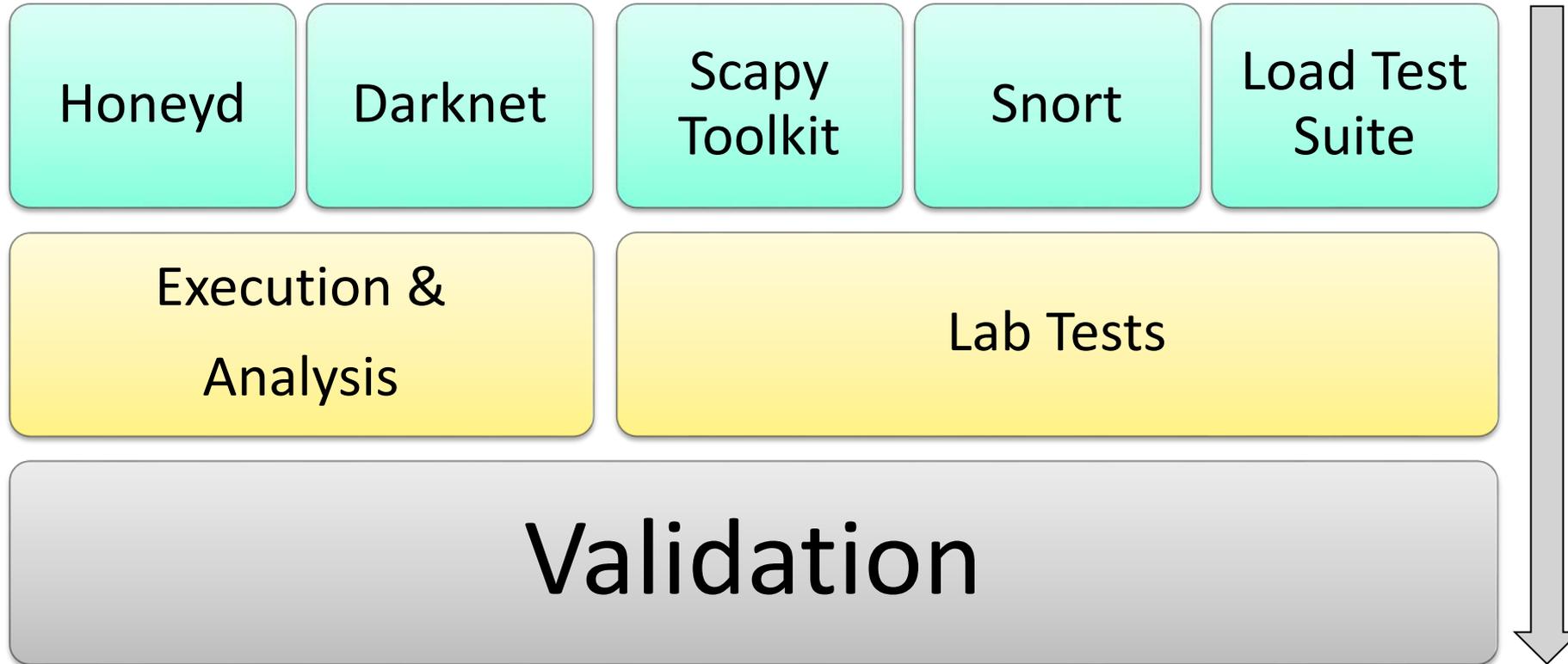
EANTC Berlin, Germany

IPv6 Intrusion Detection Research Project

- Partners:
 - University of Potsdam (Universität Potsdam)
 - Beuth University of Applied Sciences (Beuth-Hochschule für Technik Berlin)
 - EANTC AG
- Associate Partner:
 - STRATO AG
- Sponsored by the Federal Ministry of Education and Research (Bundesministerium für Bildung und Forschung).
- Project time frame: 2011-2013



IPv6 Intrusion Detection Research Project Workplan



www.idsv6.de

Test Case Structure

■ Exposition

■ Attributes

■ Execution

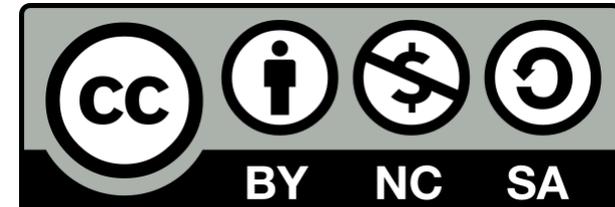
■ References

1.8 Excessive Hop-by-Hop Options

PURPOSE	Verify that the firewall detects IPv6 packets with excessive number of hop-by-hop options and applies the security policy.
DESCRIPTION	With the possible exception of the padding options (Pad1, PadN), options should not appear more than once in any given IPv6 packet, as discussed in RFC 4942 section 2.1.9.4. This test verifies that the firewall detects and can filter such packets. It must be noted if additional policy configuration is required for the firewall to do so.
TEST PARAMETERS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• The minimal list of Hop-by-Hop/Destination Options types shall contain:<ul style="list-style-type: none">– Jumbo Payload– Tunnel Encapsulation Limit– Router Alert– Home Address– Unassigned option with the “act” field set to 00.• The minimal list of Hop-by-Hop/Destination Options profiles shall contain:<ul style="list-style-type: none">– For each member of the types list above, a profile containing only the option repeated twice (and additional padding if needed).– At least 4 of the possible option types permutations. Each option type shall appear twice in at least one profile. Only one option shall appear twice in a single profile.
TEST PROCEDURE & EXPECTED RESULTS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Verify the currently applied policy contain no rules applying to Hop-by-Hop/Destination Options.• Generate traffic according to each of the defined profile in a Hop-by-Hop options header. 100% traffic loss is expected.• Generate traffic according to each of the defined profile in a Destination Options header. 100% traffic loss is expected.
REFERENCES	“IPv6 Transition/Coexistence Security Considerations”, RFC 4942, September 2007

Test Suite

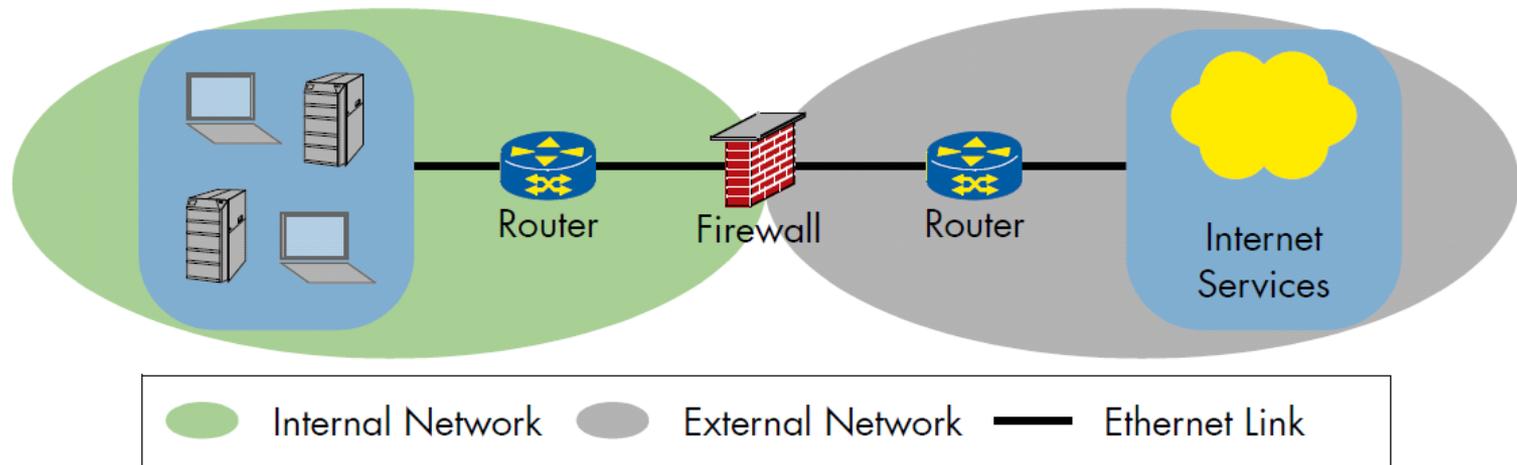
- 28 Test Cases
 - 11 Firewall Protocol Tests
 - 11 Firewall Load Tests
 - 6 IDS Tests
- Published under a Creative Commons license:
<http://www.idsv6.de/en/material.html>



Firewall Load Tests

Test Setup

- Filters based on IETF RFCs 2544 and 5180
 - 25 IPv4 “drop” rules
 - 25 IPv6 “drop” rules
- Router



Device Under Test (#1)

Checkpoint Firewall CP2210



Software Version
R75.10

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Base Configuration

6 x 10/100/1000Base-T RJ45 ports

250 GB hard disk drive

External AC to DC power adaptor

Performance

114 SecurityPower¹

3 Gbps of firewall throughput, 1518 byte UDP

400 Mbps of VPN throughput, AES-128

2 Gbps of IPS throughput Default IPS profile

300 Mbps of IPS throughput Recommended IPS profile

1.2 million concurrent connections

25,000 connections per second

Network Connectivity

1024 VLANs

256 VLANs per interface

802.3ad passive and active link aggregation

Layer 2 (transparent) and Layer 3 (routing) mode

Device Under Test (#2)

Juniper J2320
Service Router



(1GB DRAM Model)

Software Version
10.2R3.10

Specification	J2320
Maximum Performance and Capacity	
Junos OS version tested	Junos OS 11.4
Firewall performance (large packets)	600 Mbps
Firewall performance (IMIX)	400 Mbps
Firewall + routing PPS (64 Byte)	150 Kpps
AES256+SHA-1/3DES+SHA-1 VPN performance	125 Mbps
IPsec VPN Tunnels	1 GB DRAM / 512
IPS (Intrusion prevention system)	115 Mbps
Antivirus	25 Mbps
Connections per second	5,000
Maximum concurrent sessions DRAM options	128 K, 1 GB DRAM
Maximum security policies	2,048 (1 GB DRAM)
Maximum users supported	Unrestricted

Layer 3 Performance Test

Prestaging: 100% IPv4

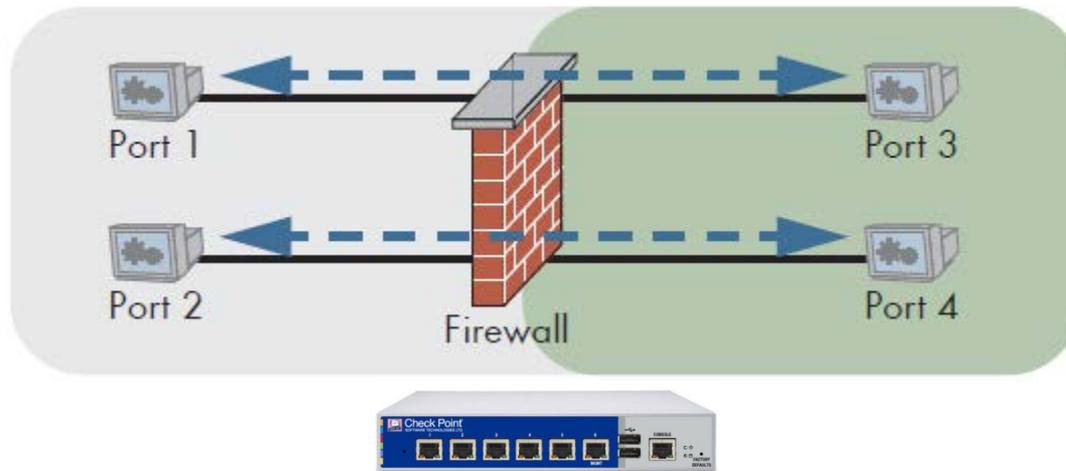
- Establish baseline
 - Maximal, loss-free Layer 3 throughput
- IMIX (Internet Mix)
 - Based on packet sizes from RFC 5180

Size (Bytes)	Weight
130	2
256	1
512	1
1024	1
1280	1
1518	1
Average:	674.3 Bytes

Prestaging: Checkpoint CP2210

Measurements According to Vendor Specifications (1/2)

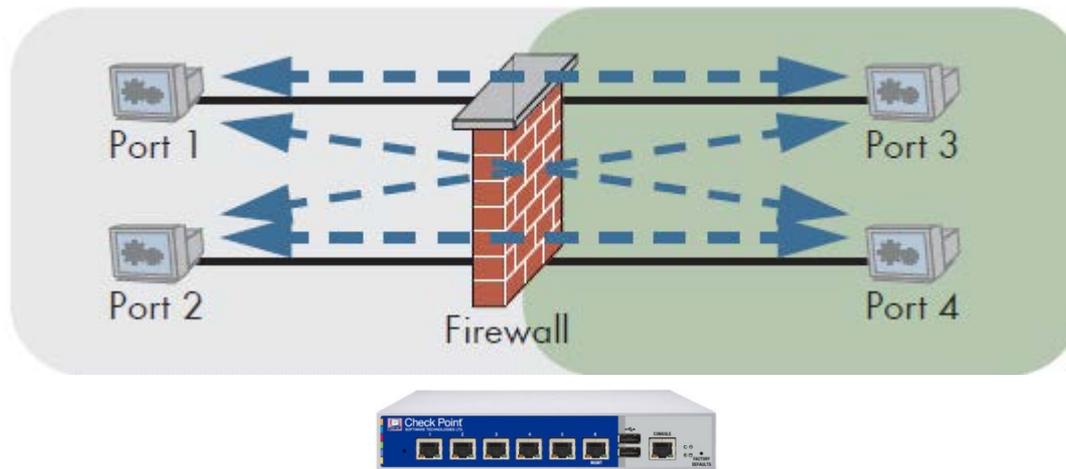
- 5 Ports + 1 Management-Port
4 used
- Vendor specifications: 3 Gbit/s with UDP, 1518 Bytes.
EANTC Result (portwise):
3 Gbit/s with UDP, 1518 Bytes



Prestaging: Checkpoint CP2210

Measurements According to Vendor Specifications (2/2)

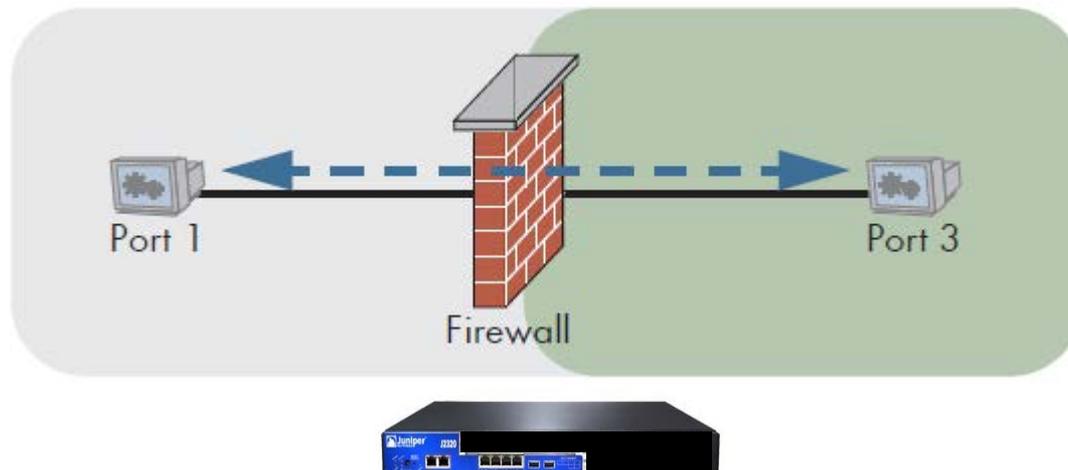
- Partial-Meshing (UDP, 1518 Bytes)
EANTC Result:**2.7 Gbit/s.**
- With IMIX (instead of 1518 Bytes):
EANTC Result:**1.3 Gbit/s.**



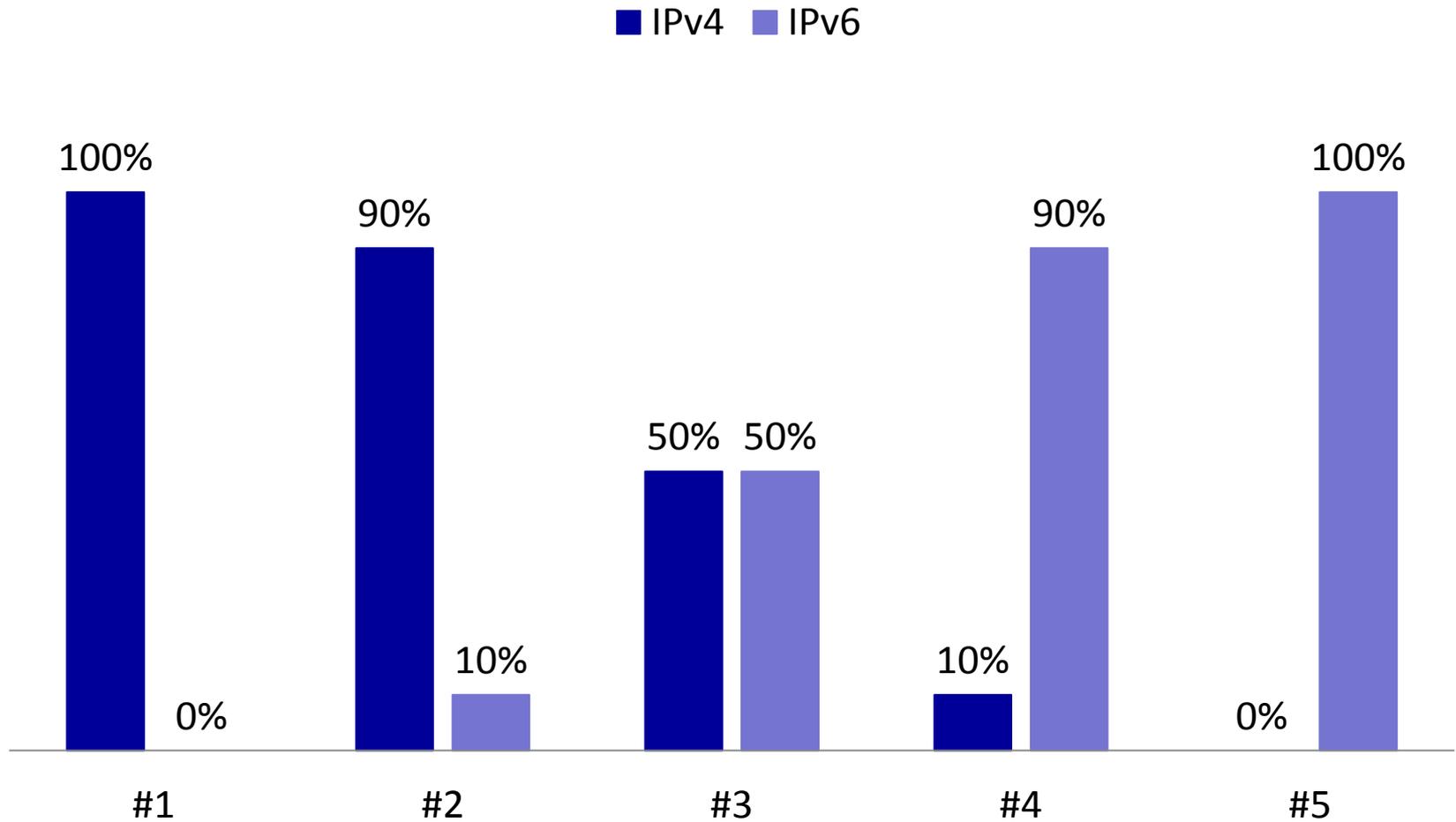
Prestaging: Juniper J2320

Measurements According to Vendor Specifications

- 3 Ports + 1 Management-Port
2 used
- Vendor Specifications:
600 Mbit/s for “Large Packets”
400 Mbit with IMIX
- EANTC Result:
640 Mbit/s (with **IMIX**)

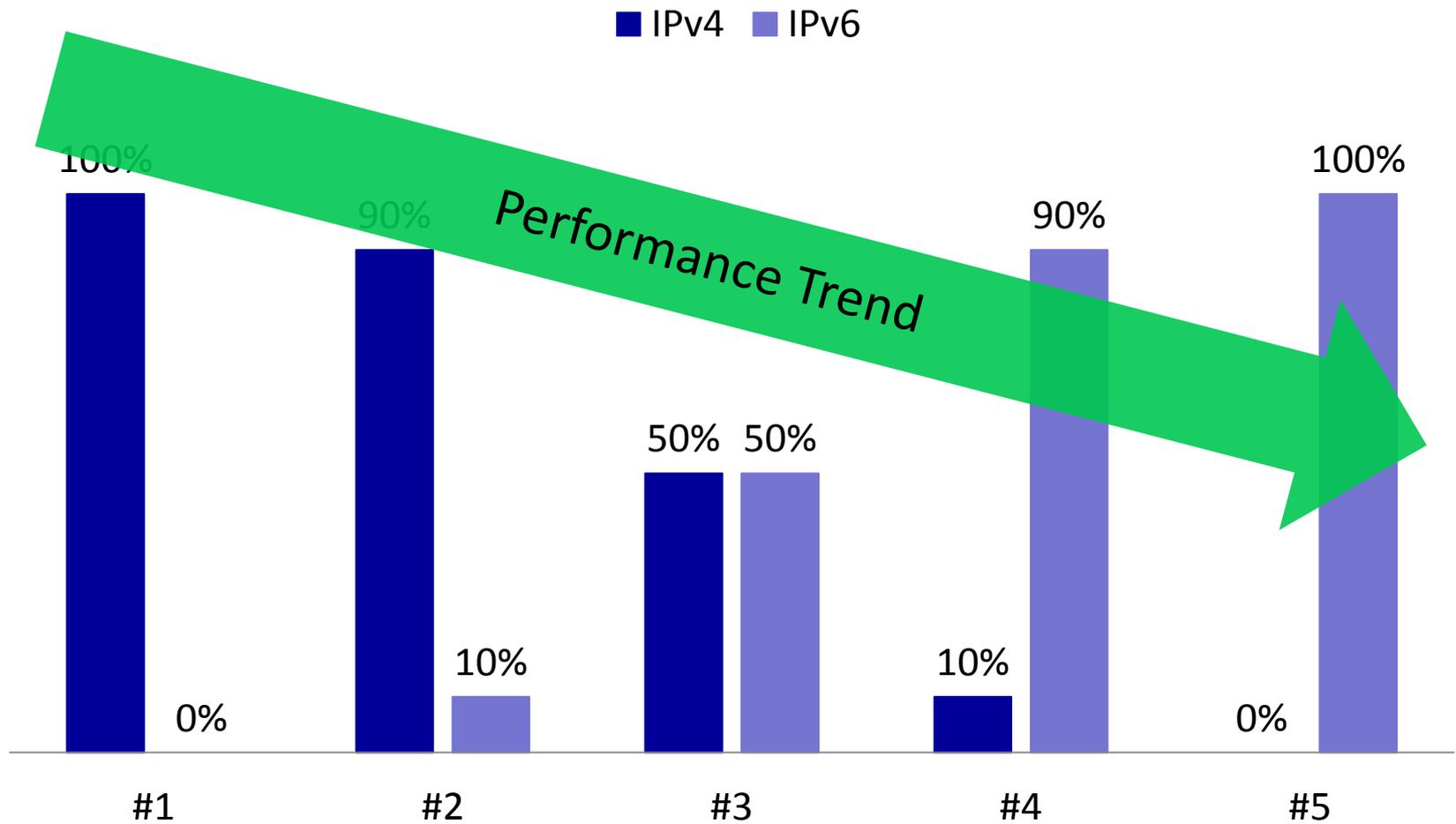


Coexistence Traffic Ratios (Based on RFC 5180) Expectations



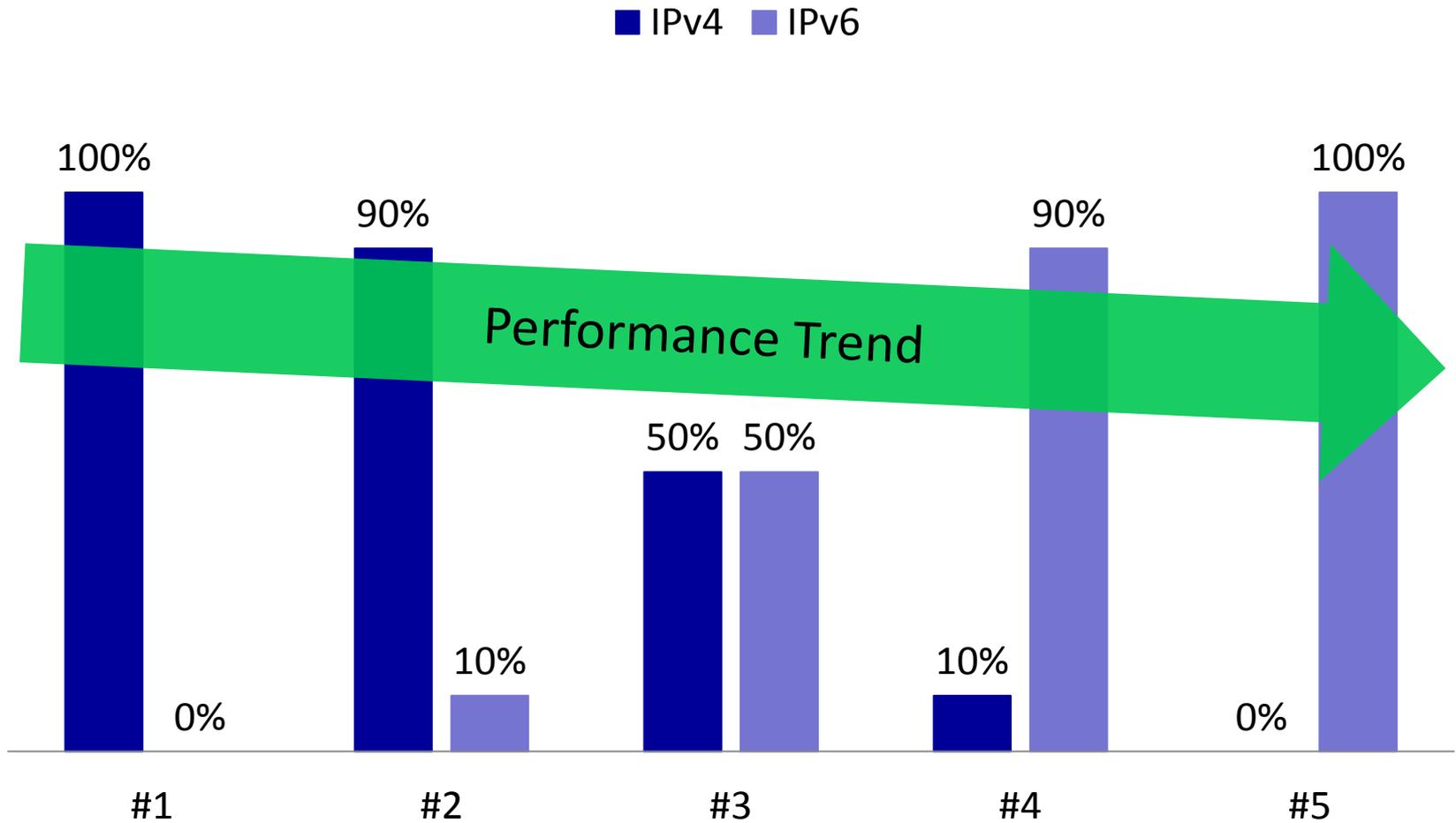
Coexistence Traffic Ratios

Strong Influence of IPv6 Traffic



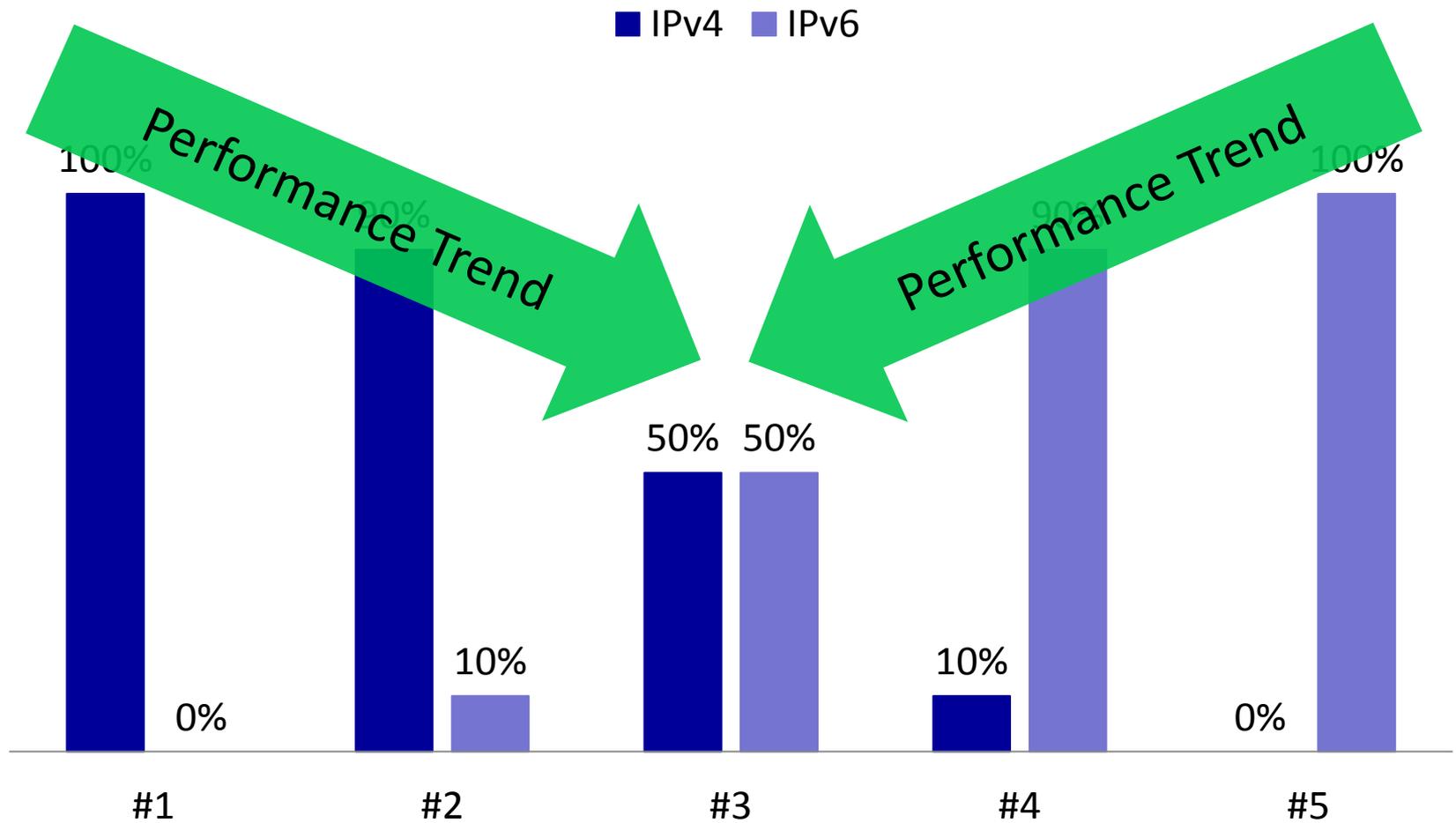
Coexistence Traffic Ratios

Light Influence of IPv6 Traffic



Coexistence Traffic Ratios

Dual-Stack Influence



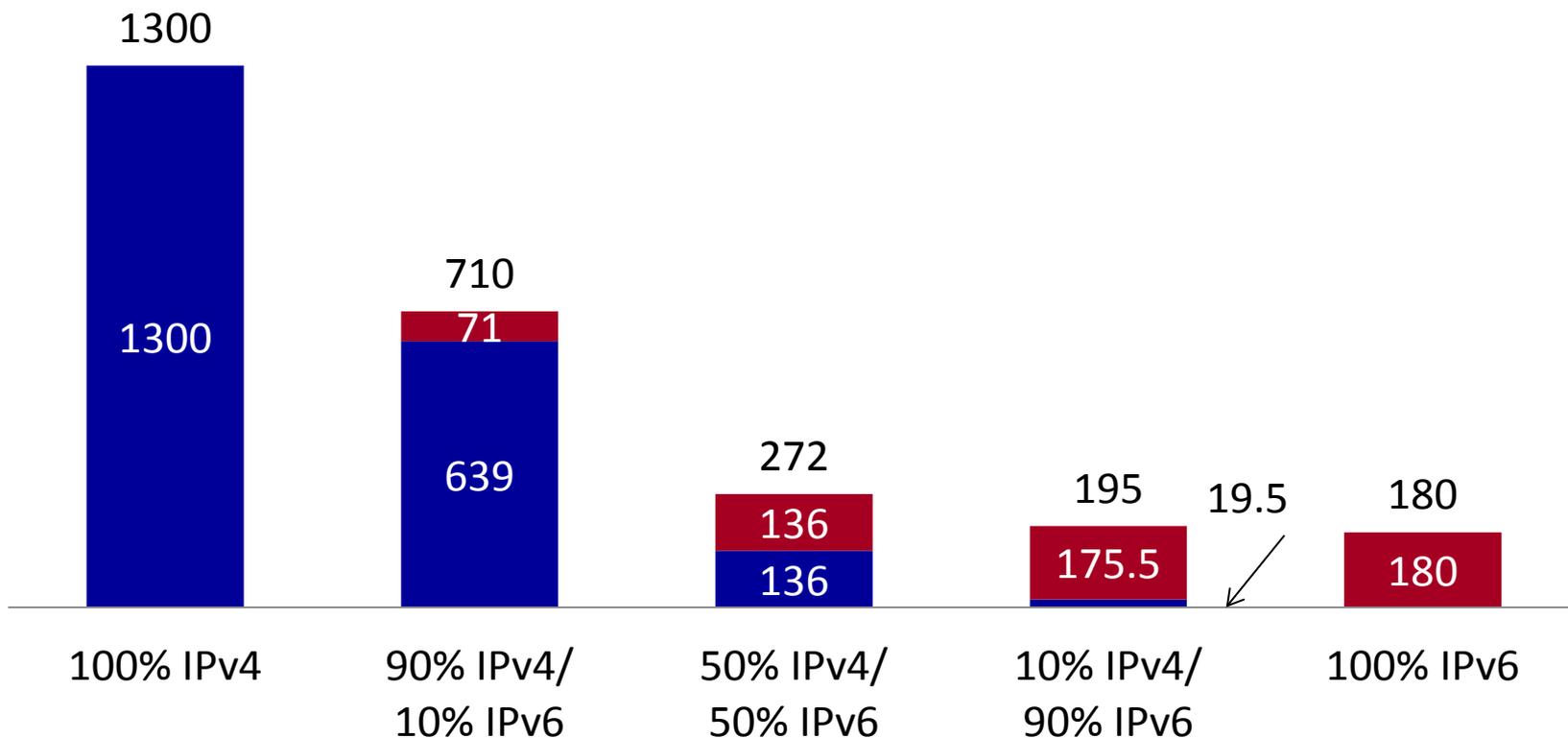
Layer 3 Throughput [Mbit/s]

Checkpoint CP2210



Throughput [Mbit/s]

■ IPv4 ■ IPv6



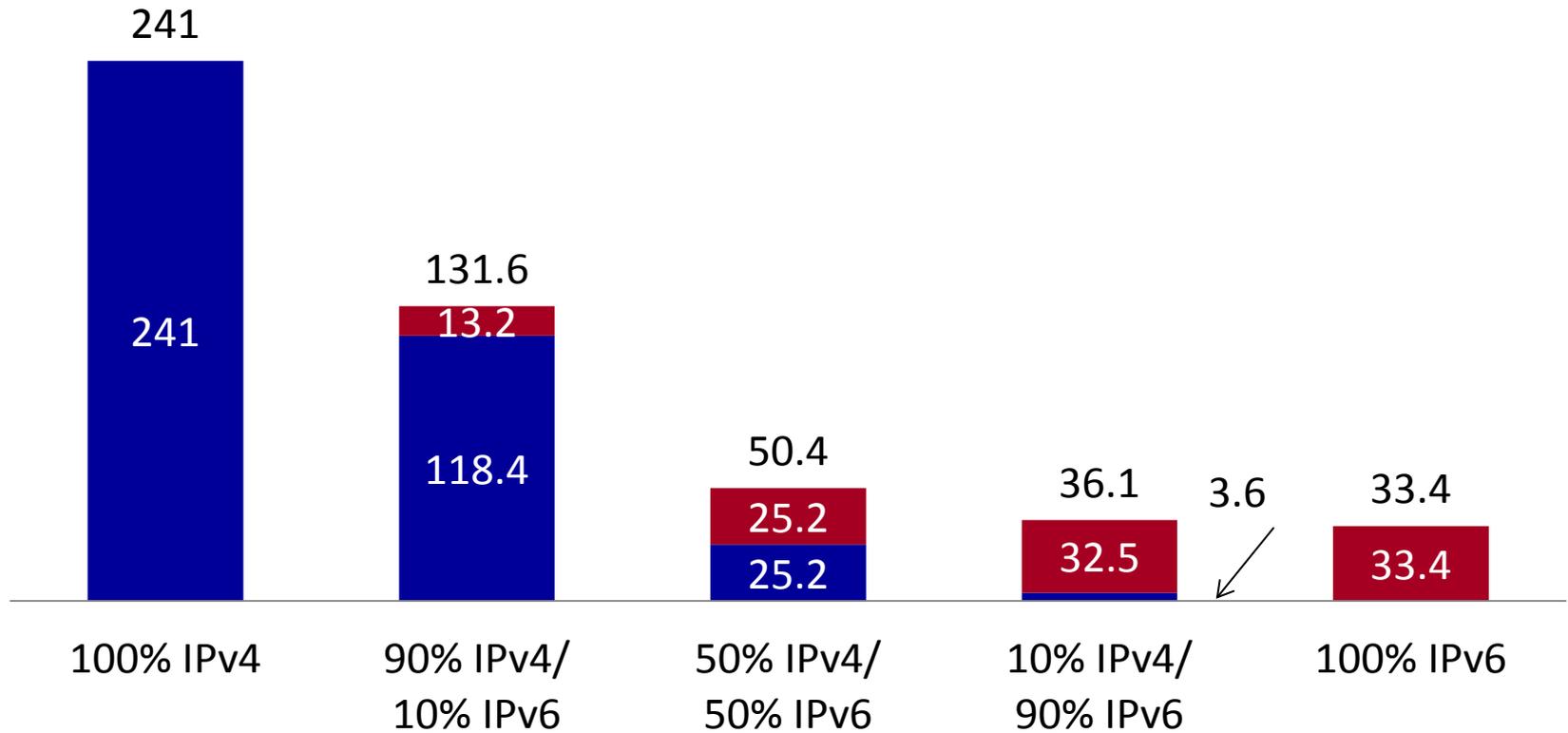
Layer 3 Throughput [kPackets/sec]

Checkpoint CP2210



Throughput [kPackets/sec]

■ IPv4 ■ IPv6



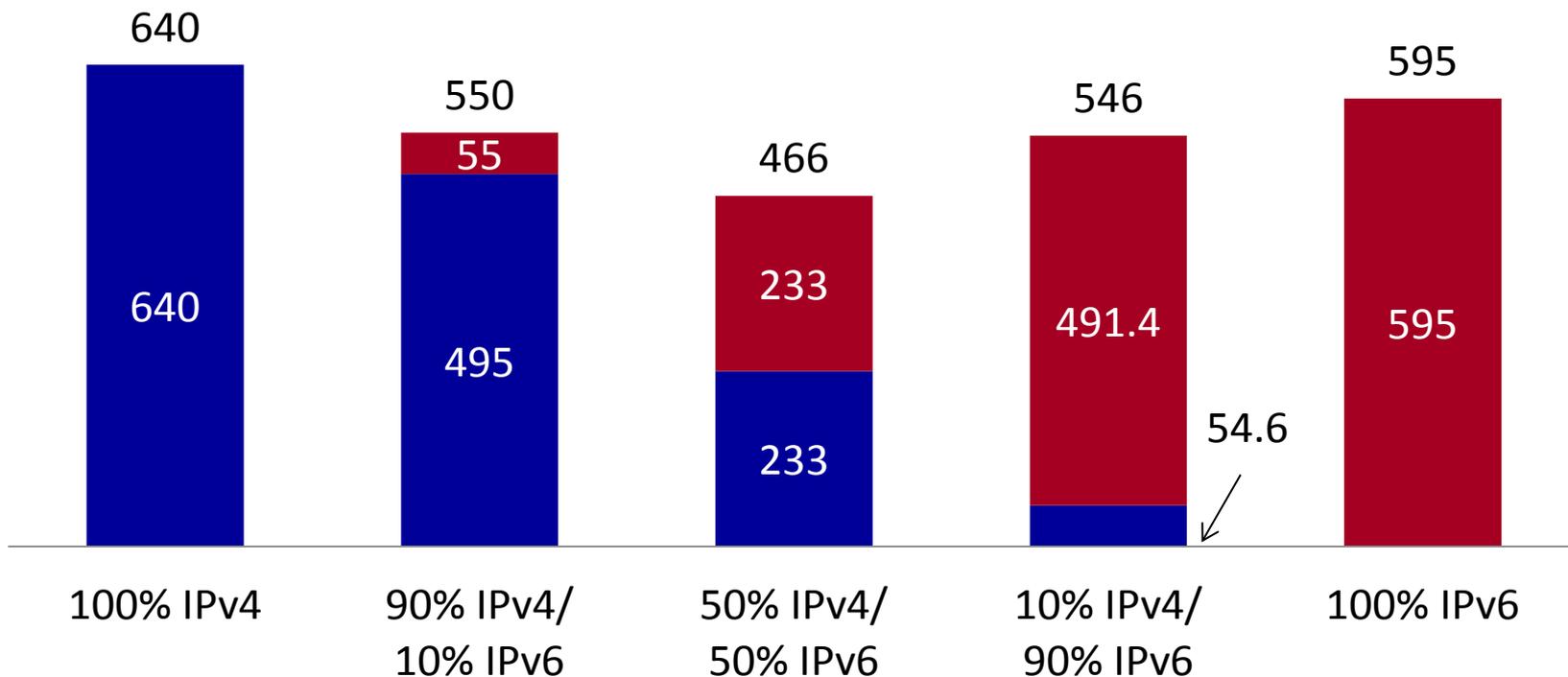
Layer 3 Throughput [Mbit/s]

Juniper J2320



Throughput [Mbit/s]

■ IPv4 ■ IPv6

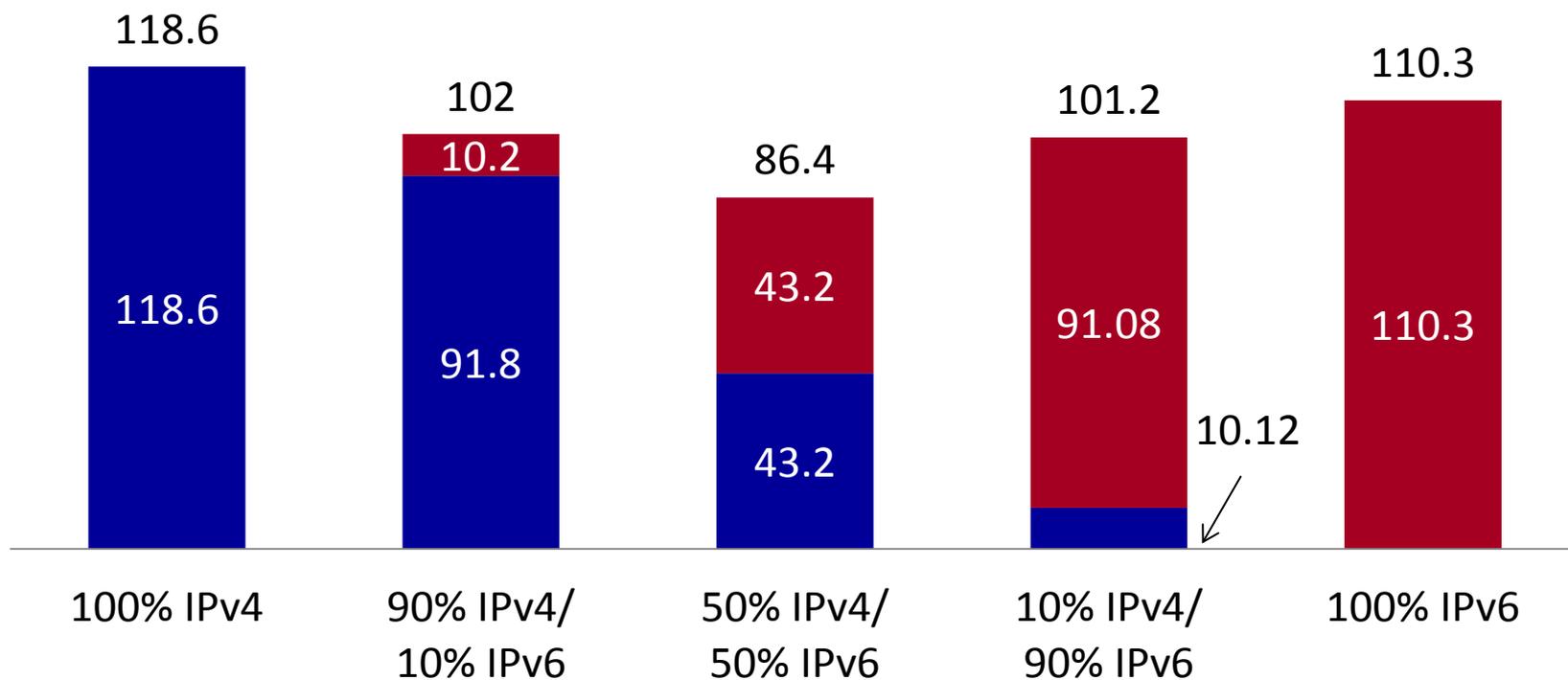


Layer 3 Throughput [kPackets/sec] Juniper J2320



Throughput [kPackets/s]

■ IPv4 ■ IPv6



Connection Setup Rate

Checkpoint CP2210

- Measured a rate considerably lower than the vendor's specifications.

Performance
114 SecurityPower ¹
3 Gbps of firewall throughput, 1518 byte UDP
400 Mbps of VPN throughput, AES-128
2 Gbps of IPS throughput Default IPS profile
300 Mbps of IPS throughput Recommended IPS profile
1.2 million concurrent connections
25,000 connections per second

- Reason: Acceleration feature is disabled because of IPv6 Addresses.

Connection Setup Rate

Checkpoint CP2210 (SecureXL, 1/2)



- When the first rule contains IPv4 and IPv6 Addresses:

```
[cp2200]# fwaccel stat
```

```
Accelerator Status : on
```

```
Accept Templates : disabled by Firewall  
                  disabled from rule #1
```

Measured: ca. **3.200** Connections/s (IPv4 only)

Connection Setup Rate

Checkpoint CP2210 (SecureXL, 2/2)



- After removing IPv6 Addresses from the first rule:

```
[cp2200]# fwaccel stat
```

```
Accelerator Status : on
```

```
Accept Templates : disabled by Firewall
```

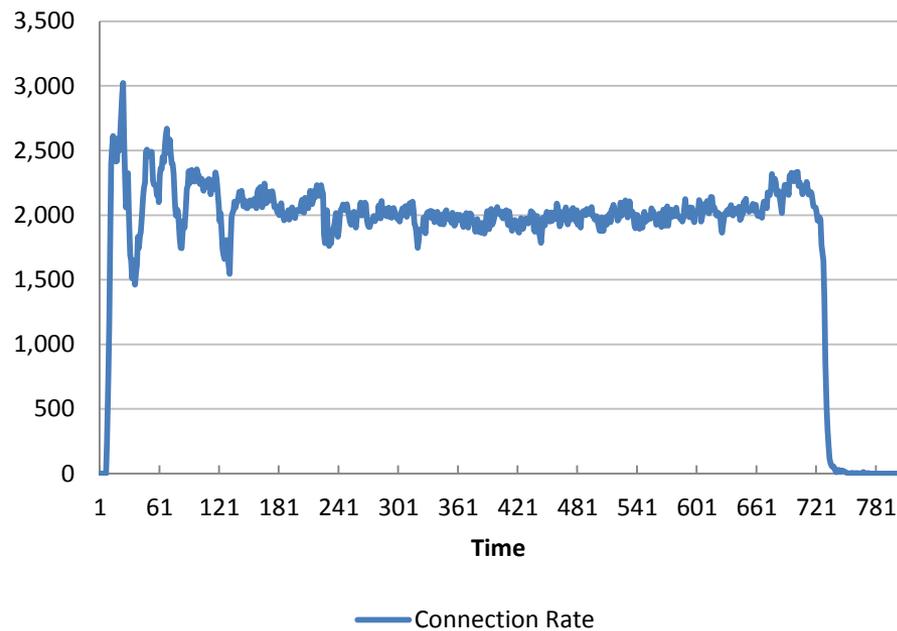
```
disabled from rule #4
```

Measured: ca. **17.000** Connections/s (IPv4 only)

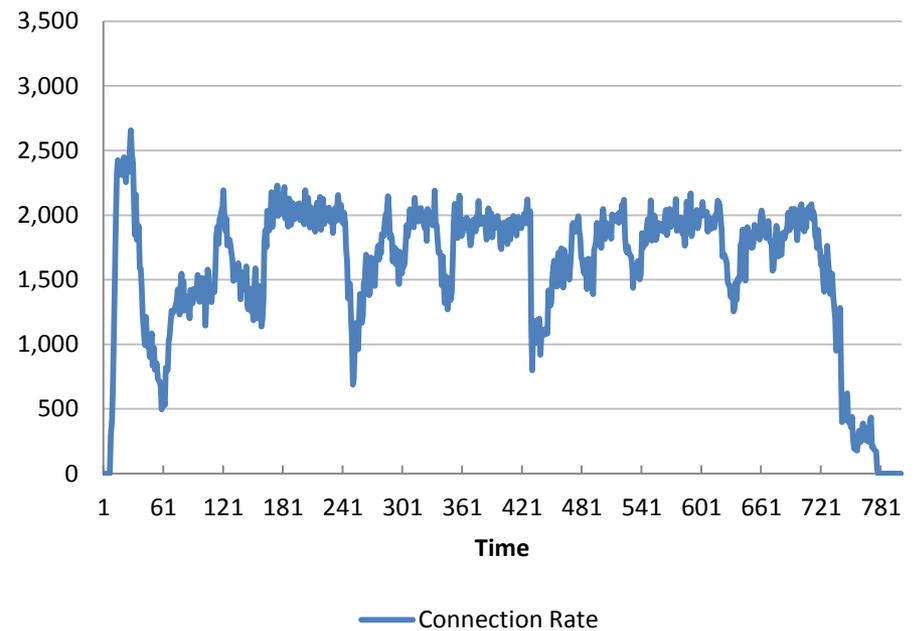
Connection Setup Rate Checkpoint CP2210 (Results)



90% IPv6, 10% IPv4

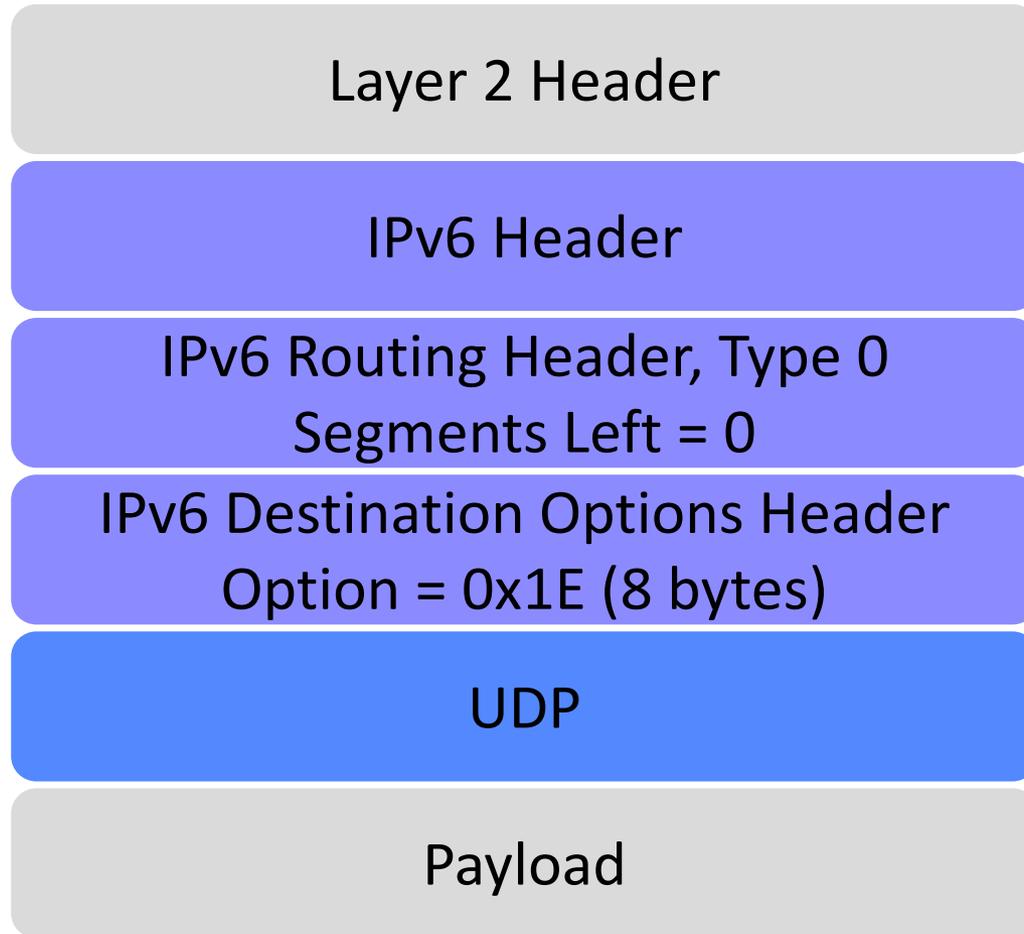


100% IPv6



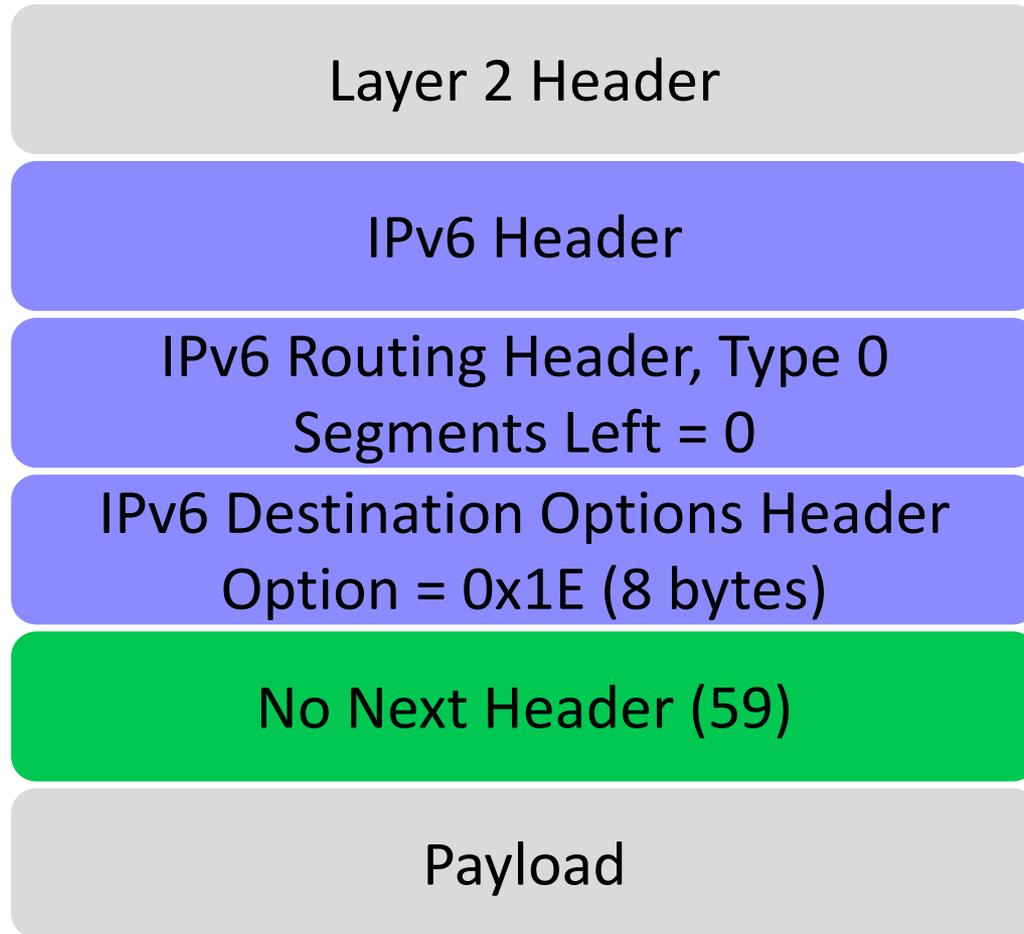
Layer 3 Throughput with Extension Headers

Header Layout (1/2)



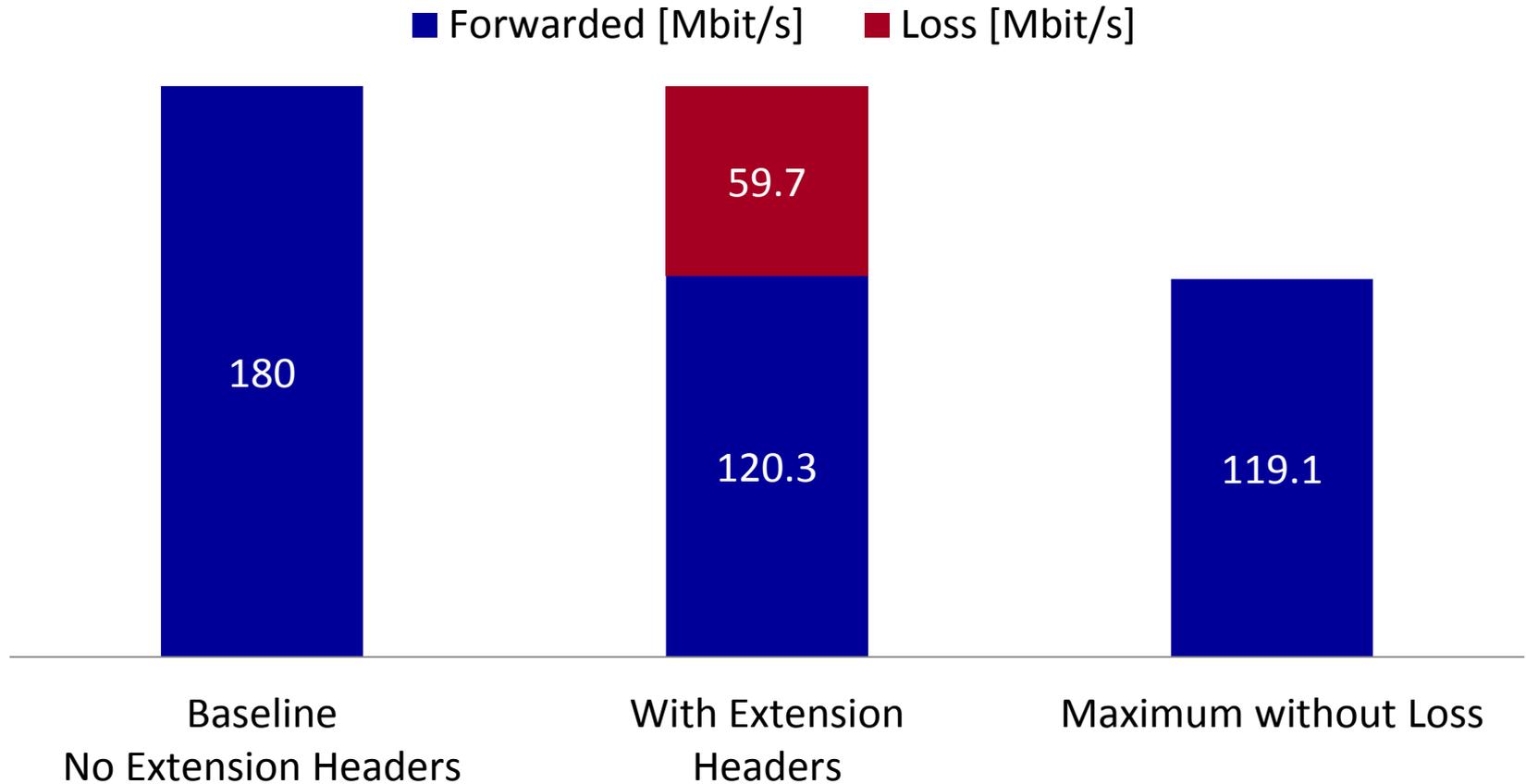
Layer 3 Throughput with Extension Headers

Header Layout (2/2)



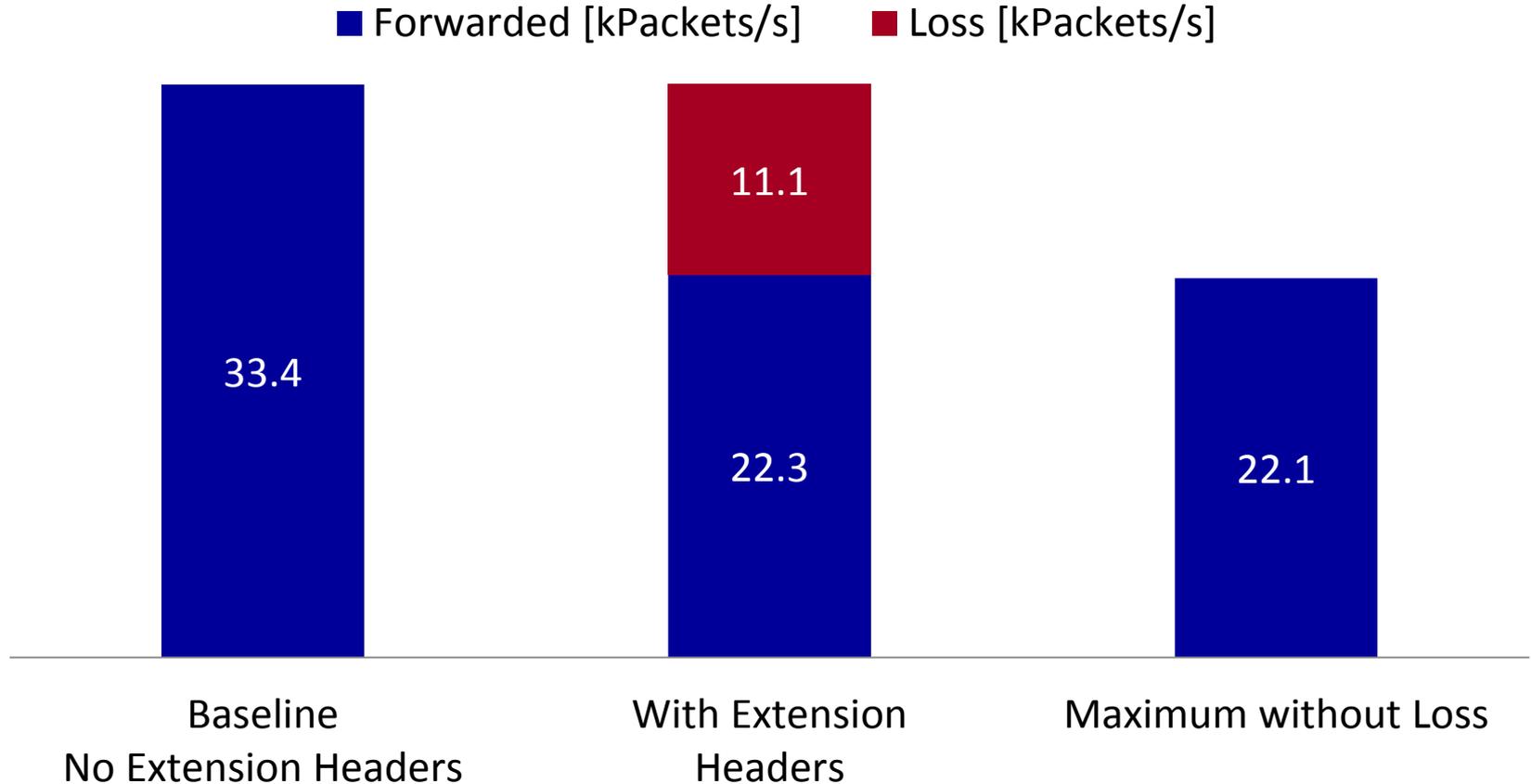
Layer 3 Throughput with Extension Headers

Checkpoint CP2210 [Mbit/sec]



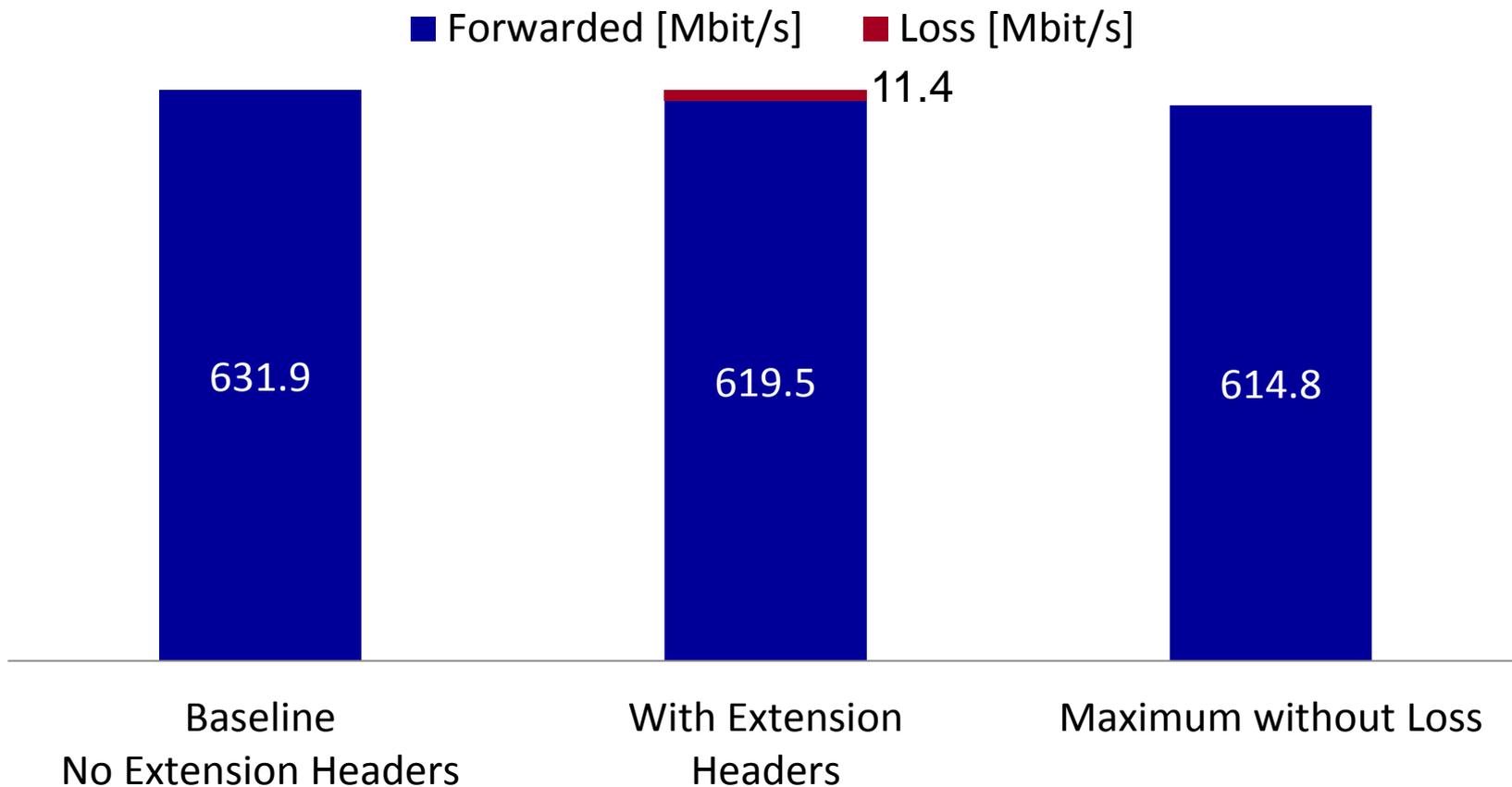
Layer 3 Throughput with Extension Headers

Checkpoint CP2210 [kPackets/sec]



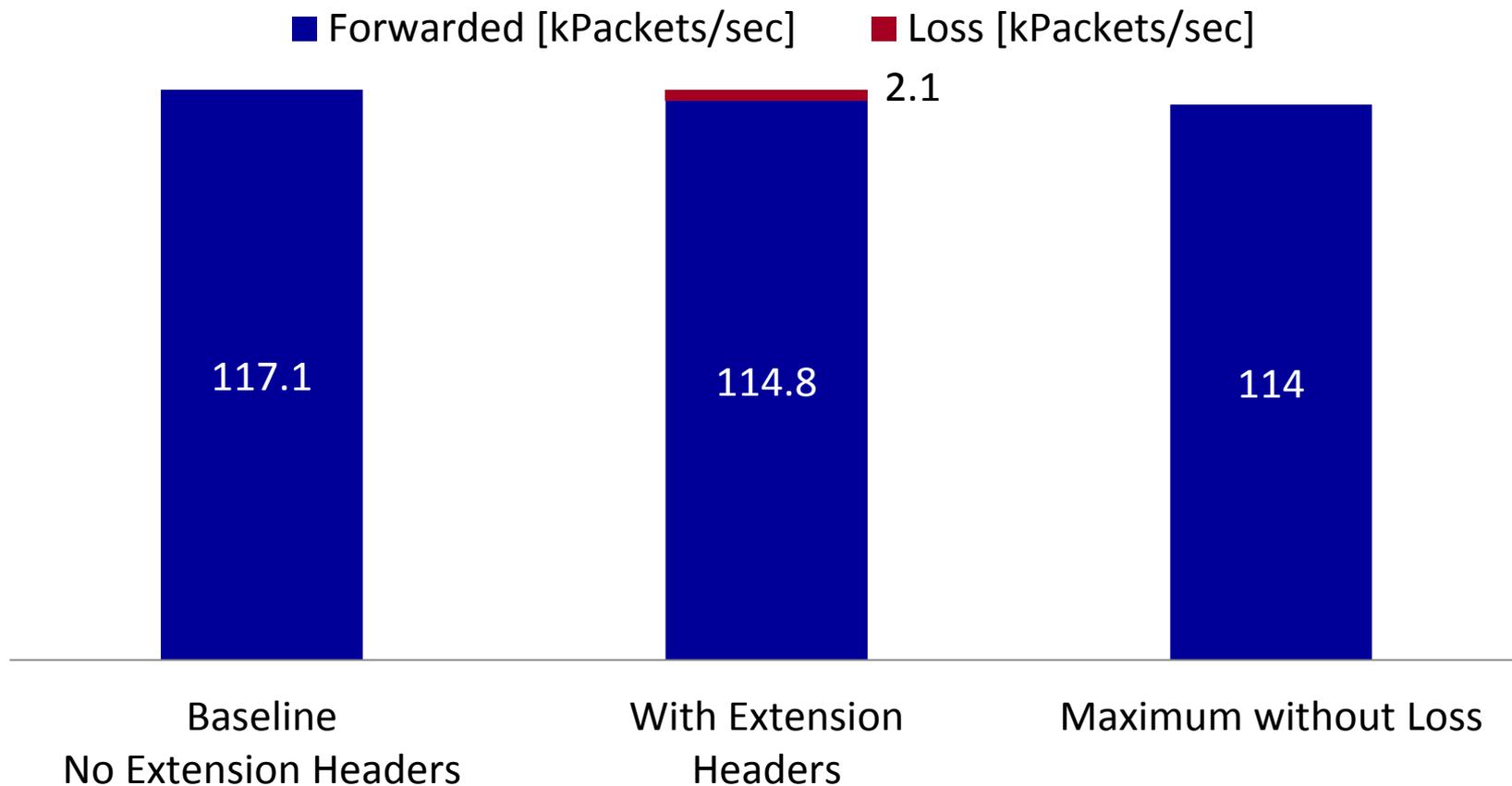
Layer 3 Throughput with Extension Headers

Juniper J2320 [Mbit/sec]



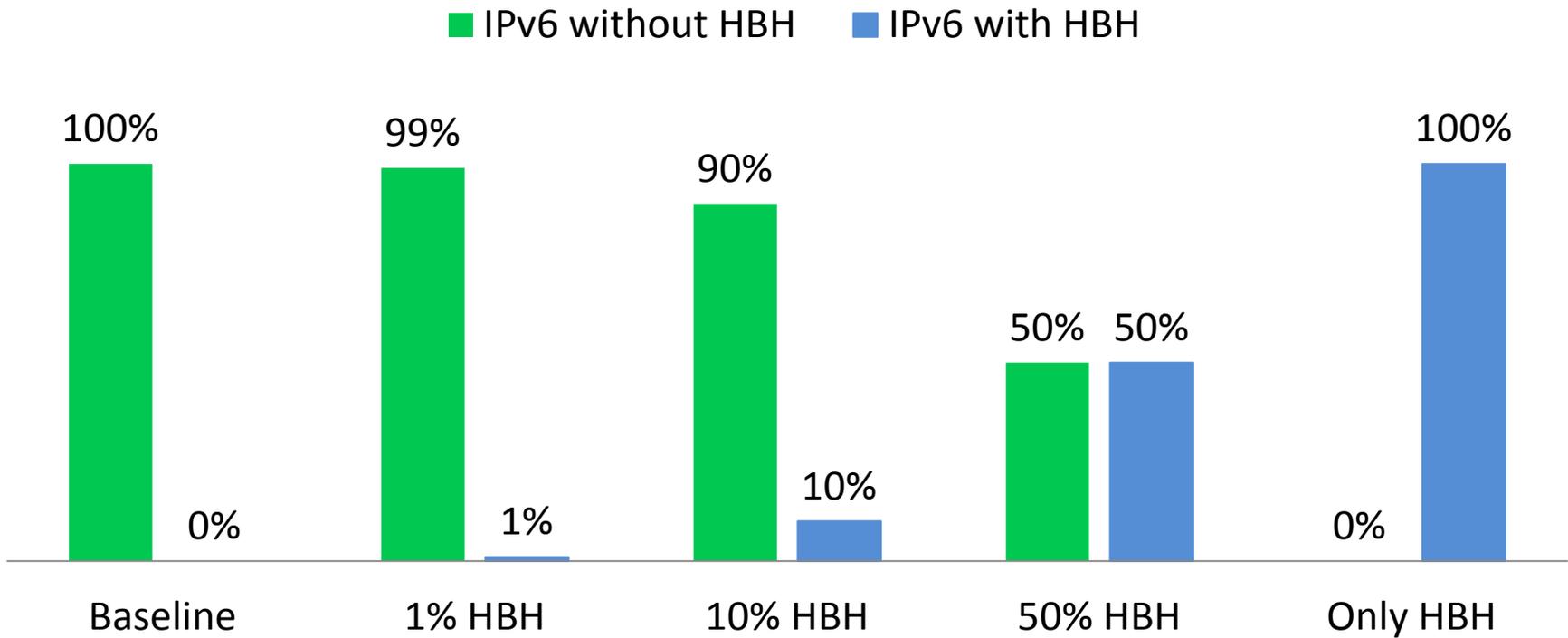
Layer 3 Throughput with Extension Headers

Juniper J2320 [kPackets/sec]



Layer 3 Throughput with Hop-by-Hop Options Header

- Possible performance impact for Hop-by-Hop (HBH) Options Indicated by IETF RFC 5180.

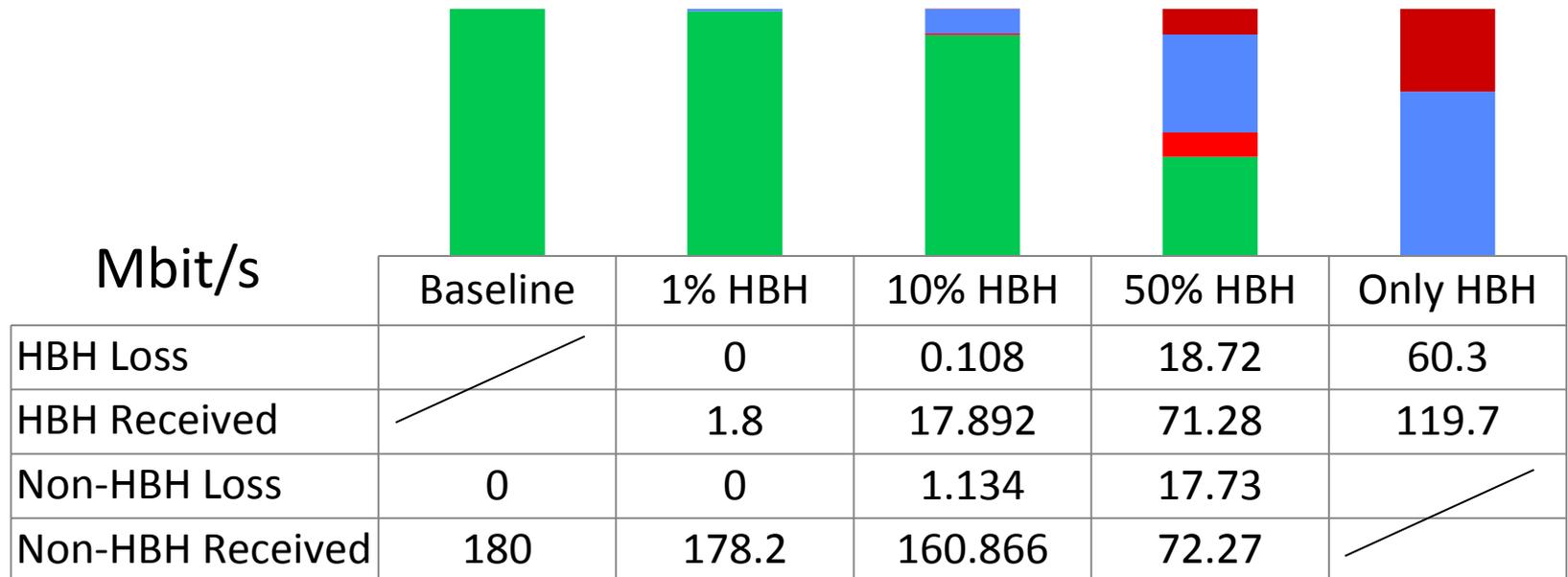


Hop-by-Hop Extension Headers

Checkpoint CP2210



■ Non-HBH Received
 ■ Non-HBH Loss
 ■ HBH Received
 ■ HBH Loss

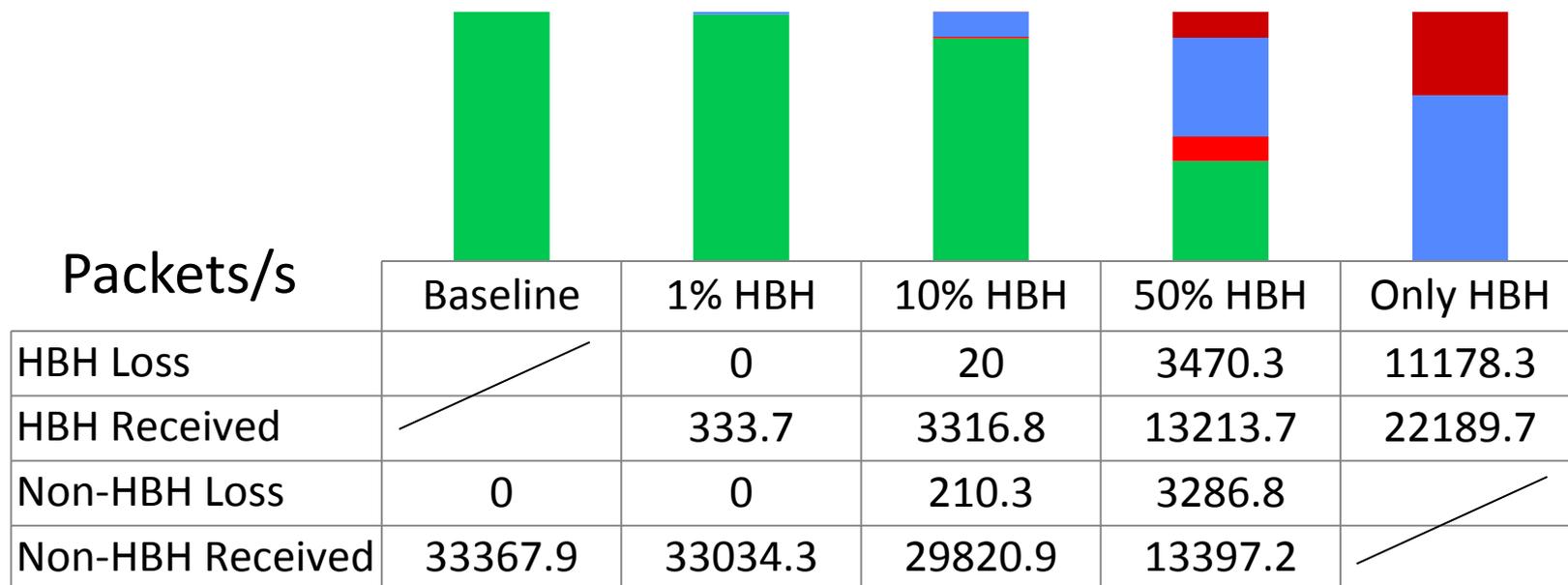


Hop-by-Hop Extension Headers

Checkpoint CP2210



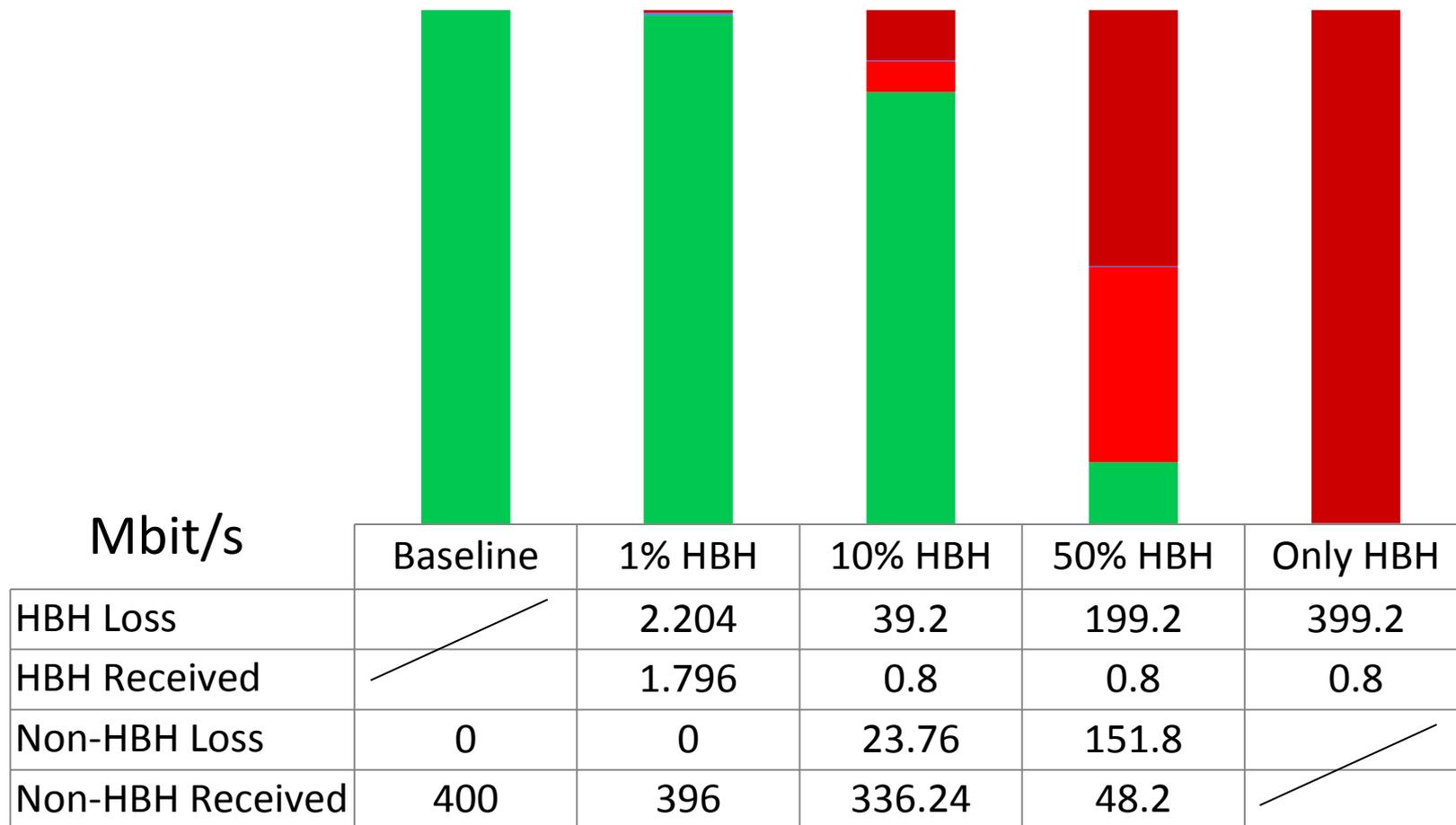
■ Non-HBH Received
 ■ Non-HBH Loss
 ■ HBH Received
 ■ HBH Loss



Hop-by-Hop Extension Headers Juniper J2320



■ Non-HBH Received
 ■ Non-HBH Loss
 ■ HBH Received
 ■ HBH Loss

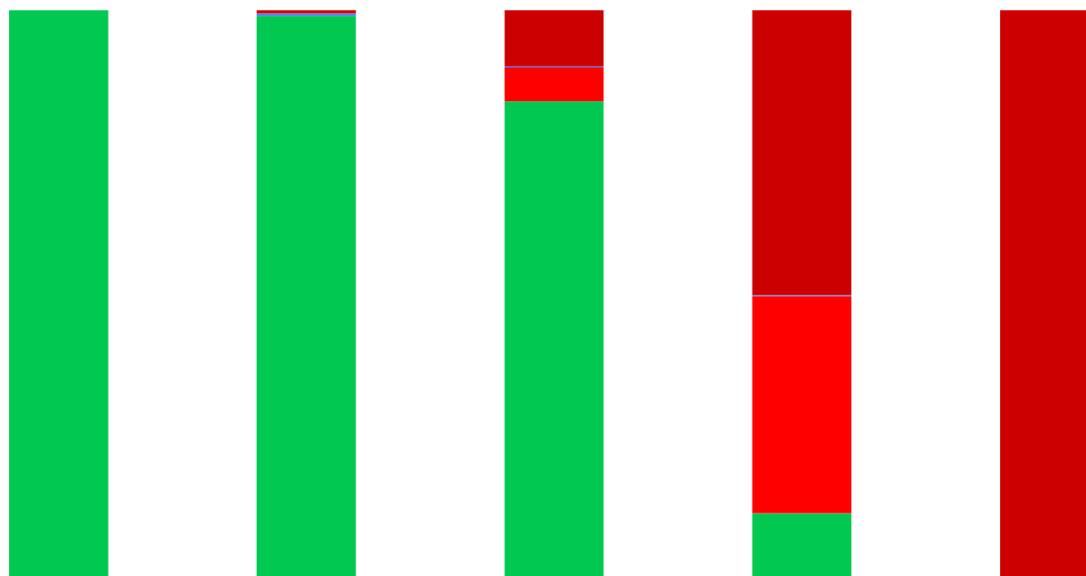


Hop-by-Hop Extension Headers Juniper J2320



■ Non-HBH Received
 ■ Non-HBH Loss
 ■ HBH Received
 ■ HBH Loss

Packets/s



	Baseline	1% HBH	10% HBH	50% HBH	Only HBH
HBH Loss	 	408.6	7266.8	36927.2	74002.7
HBH Received	 	332.9	148.3	148.3	148.3
Non-HBH Loss	0	0	4404.6	28140.3	
Non-HBH Received	74,151	73409.5	62331.3	8935.2	



Questions?

Thank you for your interest!

For further information, please contact us:

EANTC AG

Salzufer 14

D-10587 Berlin

Germany

Phone: +49.30.318 05 95-0

Fax: +49.30.318 05 95-10

E-mail: info@eantc.de

www.eantc.de